

Subject: Financial Accounting

Class: B.com IV sem

Topic Name: Valuation of Goodwill

For the calculation of goodwill various methods are use which is as follow by the given chart and as per examination all the methods are important:-

1)Average profit Method	Average annual profit = $\frac{\text{Total net profit}}{\text{No. of years}}$ Goodwill = Average Profit x times
2)Super Profit Method Capital employed =Asset Market value- Ex.liabilities	1 Average Profit = $\frac{\text{Total net profit}}{\text{No. of years}}$ 2. Normal Profit = Capital employed x rate of Return 3.Super Profit = Average Profit -Normal Profit 4. Goodwill = Super profit x times
3)Annuity Method	1 Average Profit = $\frac{\text{Total net profit}}{\text{No. of years}}$ 2. Normal Profit = Capital employed x rate of Return 3.Super Profit = Average Profit -Normal Profit 4. Goodwill = Super profit x annuity rate
4)Capitalisation Method (By average Profit)	1 Average Profit = $\frac{\text{Total net profit}}{\text{No. of years}}$ 2. Capitalisation = or $\frac{\text{Average Profit} \times 100}{\text{Normal Rate}}$ 3. Goodwill = Capitalised Value – Capital employed
4)Capitalisation Method (By super profit)	1 Average Profit = $\frac{\text{Total net profit}}{\text{No. of years}}$ 2. Normal Profit = Capital employed x rate of Return 3.Super Profit = Average Profit -Normal Profit 4. Goodwill = $\frac{\text{Super Profit} \times 100}{\text{Normal Rate}}$

Q1. From the following Balance Sheet of ABC Co. Ltd. as on 31-3-2000 estimate the value of goodwill:-

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	`	Assets	`
50,000 Equity shares of `10 each	5,00,000	Building	2,50,000
6% Debenturs of ` 500 each	50,000	Machinery	2,00,000
Creditors	75,000	Accounts receivable	60,000
Provision for taxes	35,000	Stocks in Trade	90,000
Dividend declared	50,000	Furniture	25,000
P & L account	90,000	Cash	75,000
	8,00,000	Bank	1,00,000
			8,00,000

Following value of assets is estimated:-

Building	3,00,000
Stock	80,000
Furniture	30,000
Machinery	1,70,000

Goodwill is to be assessed 2 times on the basis of average super profit of last five years. Reasonable rate of returns on Capital invested in business is 12%.

Profits for the last five years are as follows:-

Year ended 31-3-2009	1,08,000
Year ended 31-3-2008	1,15,000
Year ended 31-3-2007	1,17,000
Year ended 31-3-2006	1,03,000
Year ended 31-3-2005	77,000

Ans. Calculation of Goodwill by average super profit Method

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1) \text{ Average Profit} &= \text{Total Profit/ No. of Years} \\
 &= 1,08,000 + 1,15,000 + 1,17,000 + 1,03,000 + 77,000 = 5,20,000/5 \\
 &= \underline{5,20,000} \\
 &5 \\
 &= 1,04,000
 \end{aligned}$$

(2) Normal Profit = Average Capital employed x Normal Rate

Average Capital employed= Assets at Market Rate	Building	3,00,000
	Machinery	1,70,000
	Stock	80,000
	Debtors	60,000
	Furniture	30,000
	Cash	75,000
	Bank	1,00,000
	Total	8,15,000

(-) Less External Liabilities=Debentures	50,000	
	Creditors	75,000
	Provision for Tax	<u>35,000</u>
	Total	1,60,000
Capital Employed		<u>6,55,000</u>

$$=6,55,000 \times 12\% =78,600$$

(3) Super Profit = F.M.P. – Normal Profit =1,04,000 – 78,600
= 25,400

(4) Goodwill = Super Profit x times
= 25,400 x 2
= 50,800

Q2. The following particulars are available in respect of the business carried on by a trader:-

1) Profit earned for the year:

2010- ` 50,000

2011- ` 60,000

2012- ` 55,000

2) Normal rate of Profit- 10%

3) Capital employed- ` 3,00,000

4) Present value of Annuity of one ` for five year at 10% ` 3.78

5) The profit for the year 2011 includes a non recurring profit of ` 9,000

You are required to calculate goodwill as per

- (a) five years purchase of super profit
- (b) Capitalisation of super profit
- (c) Annuity method

Ans :- Average Profit = Total Profit/ No. of Years

2000 = 50,000

2001 51,000 (60,000-9,000)

2002 55,000

=1,56,000

= 1,56,000/3

=52,000

(2) Normal Profit = Capital employed x Rate

3,00,000 x 10%

=30,000

(3) Super Profit = Average Profit – Normal Profit

= 52,000 – 30,000

= 22,000

(a) Goodwill by Super Profit method = Super profit x No. of Years

= 22,000 x 5 =1,10,000

(b) Goodwill by Capitalization method = $\frac{\text{Super profit}}{\text{Rate}} \times 100$

$$= \frac{22,000}{10} \times 100 = 2,20,000$$

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Goodwill by Annuity method = Super profit x Annuity rate

$$= 22,000 \times 3.78$$

$$= 83,160$$